

## GIFTS AND HOSPITALITY GUIDANCE

- (1) In many areas of the commercial world it is common practice to offer and accept gifts, hospitality and other benefits. This practice is frequently used to influence a decision when one company is seeking business with another and it is perfectly legal to do so – but it can be quite the contrary in public service.
- (2) The acceptance of gifts, hospitality or other benefits, even on a modest scale, may arouse suspicion of impropriety and extreme caution and discretion should be exercised in accepting either. In principle you should refuse any personal gift offered to you or your family by any person or company who has or seeks dealings of any kind with the Council.
- (3) The only reasonable exceptions to the guidance given in (2) above are:-
  - (a) Small gifts of a purely token value given by way of trade advertisements (e.g., calendars, diaries, articles for general use in the office).
  - (b) Small articles, again purely of a token value given at the conclusion of courtesy visits (e.g. to a factory).
  - (c) A small gift offered without warning and where refusal would give particular offence.
- (4) Should you receive an unexpected gift, which falls outside the categories (see 3 above) you should consult your Director or Head of Service, as appropriate, who will decide the course of action. This may include:-
  - (a) returning the gift, ensuring that the donor is told in a polite way why this has been necessary;
  - (b) passing the gift on to some charitable cause if it is appropriate to do so;
  - (c) agree that the gift may be kept by the recipient.
- (5) Details of all gifts covered by the above categories must be recorded in a book kept for this purpose by the Monitoring Officer.
- (6) Hospitality is sometimes offered to employees and it is not always possible or desirable to reject offers of a moderate nature. Examples of acceptable hospitality include a working lunch of a modest standard, provided to allow business discussion to continue.

- (7) Some offers of hospitality are clearly unacceptable and these would include offers of holiday accommodation, individual offer of theatre tickets for yourself or your family and individual invitation to dinner.
- (8) You should be particularly cautious when any form of hospitality is offered by an individual or organisation seeking to do business with, or a decision from, the Council as acceptance might affect your relations with the party offering it and how this might be viewed. If in any doubt at all you should consult with your Director or Head of Service as appropriate before acceptance. Directors/Head of Service must consult with Monitoring Officer or Chief Financial Officer.
- (9) Acceptance of offers of hospitality must be recorded in the book kept for the purpose.
- (10) These guidelines are intended as a general overview on the acceptance of gifts and hospitality but cannot cover every eventuality. If you are in any doubt you should consult your Director or Head of Service, as appropriate.
- (11) **The procedure for registering offers of gifts and hospitality to officers will be as follows:**
  - When a gift/hospitality arises it is the responsibility of the recipient to use the Gifts and Hospitality Declaration form which can be located on the intranet.
  - There will be two versions of the Declaration form –
    - **Gifts and Hospitality Corporate Declaration form** – to be completed by all Bolsover District Council Employees
    - **Gifts and Hospitality Members Declaration form** – to be completed by any District Councillor.
  - Note for officers only: Complete the relevant form and get the Authorising Officer to sign the document (if the gift or hospitality is being accepted).

#### **REMEMBER**

- The entry needs to be made within a reasonable period of time from the offer of the gift or hospitality. **Members have 28 days to do this.**
- Members are required to declare any gift or hospitality that is above the value of £25. However, there is nothing to stop you

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from declaring any gift or hospitality that is below the stated value if you prefer to have this on record.

- The entry needs to be made within a reasonable period of time from the offer of the gift or hospitality.
- Give an approximate value of the offer. You can say “*de minimis*” or “*less than £10*” if the gift is small.
- Name the donor, including where the Authority provides hospitality.
- It must be clear from the entry whether the offer is accepted or refused.
- The name and extension number of the individual who received the offer must be provided on the form.
- A reason for acceptance must be given and the Line Manager’s authorisation (signature) obtained.
- Line Managers should not authorise their own acceptance of gifts and hospitality. A Director or Head of Service should be asked to authorise.
- Scan the signed and completed document and email the form to the Monitoring Officer.
- The register will be checked annually by the Monitoring Officer, on behalf of the Standards Committee, to ensure that the system is being used and to monitor the frequency of any gifts and hospitalities during the calendar year.